

Association Management Models and Their Impact on Financial Performance

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Executive Summary

The table below summarizes the relative financial performance of associations managed by an association management company (AMC) vs those independently managed. Green reflects a higher value for associations managed by AMCs, while red reflects a lower value. Data was culled from IRS form 990s of 501c3 and 501c6 organizations. A random sample was drawn of 167 associations. The low budget category was between \$0.5 and 2 Million. The high budget category was between \$2 and 7.5 Million.

Measure	ALL	c3	c6	Low\$	High\$
Net Total Rev Growth	More	More	More	More	More
Net Income Growth (surplus)	More	More	More	More	More
Avg Percent Surplus	More	More	Less	More	More
Net Asset Growth	More	More	More	More	More
Revenue Diversity in Products	More	More	More	More	More

KEY FINDINGS

- In general, using AMCs is associated with stronger financial performance.
- Regardless of tax status and budget size, growth in Net Income, Net Revenue, and Net Assets are stronger for associations using AMCs.
- The only organizational context in which using AMCs did not lead to higher performance was with regards to average percent surplus for 501c6 organizations.

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2 RESEARCH QUESTION

Are there differences in the financial performance between associations using AMCs versus those not using AMCs? How do these differences manifest in general, across 501(c)3 and (c)6 organizations, and across small and large budgets?

3 METHODOLOGY FOR DATA COLLECTION AND FILTERING

The sample of 167 associations was obtained through random sampling with multiple constraints. Using the NTPA directory of 51,000 associations, we filtered out the state-level associations and any associations that also operated as AMCs for other organizations. We also filtered out all associations with annual budgets (average revenue from 2010-2012) less than \$500,000 or more than \$7.5M. In order to obtain an adequate representation of this defined population, we randomly sampled (using a random number generator with a ceiling of the pool size) up to 50 associations within four budget levels (\$0.5M – 1M, 1M-2M, 2M-5M, 5M-7.5M), stratified with approximately 25 associations that use AMCs and 25 that don't use AMCs. In the case of the largest budget size, only 16 associations used AMCs, we therefore used the entire pool rather than a random sample. These efforts resulted in 177 eligible associations.

To obtain the financial data for each of the selected associations, we collected IRS Form 990 data from Guidestar and Propublica. Of the 177 associations, 9 Form 990s couldn't be located, and one association was a 501(c)5 organization. These 10 associations were dropped from the total sample, resulting in a final usable sample of 167 associations. The table below provides some high level descriptive statistics for the final sample.

Group	Number of Associations	Mean NetTotalRev	Median NetTotalRev
Budget 1 (\$500,000-1,000,000)	46	\$629,867	\$621,461
Budget 2 (\$1,000,001-2,000,000)	47	\$1,416,437	\$1,350,129
Budget 3 (\$2,000,001-5,000,000)	48	\$2,929,629	\$2,867,818
Budget 4 (\$5,000,001-7,500,000)	26	\$5,797,085	\$5,904,007
Use AMC	81	\$2,206,133	\$1,694,464
Don't use AMC	86	\$2,414,898	\$1,670,260
c3	64	\$2,004,078	\$1,394,900
c6	103	\$2,506,884	\$1,813,138

(Net Total Revenue is calculated as Total Revenue less Investment Income)

In the analyses, we used only two budget sizes: small (\$500,000-2,000,000) and large (\$2,000,001-7,500,000). This was done for two reasons. The first is due to sample size, particularly in Budget 4. No meaningful differences could be obtained with such a small sample size. The second reason was because we did not need to distinguish between those with budgets of \$1 or 2 million, or between those with budgets of \$5 or 7 million, recognizing the differences between both small budget sizes (or the large two budget sizes) to be less meaningful than the differences between small and large budget sizes in general.

4 ANALYSIS

Formulas for each measure are specified in the appendix. To produce these tables, we conducted an independent samples (unpaired) t-test. We also conducted a Levene's homogeneity of variance test to determine whether equal variance should be assumed. We used the appropriate critical ratio (and p-value) based on the results of the Levene's test.

The tables below show the means, relative differences, and significance of the difference between those means for every financial measure of interest. The t-test only allows comparisons between means (rather than median). Despite efforts to remove outliers, the data is still somewhat skewed, and therefore the mean is potentially misleading in a few cases. To mitigate this issue, in the Findings section we use the median, rather than the mean, to visually represent many of these analyses. The graphs in the findings section will therefore show a more accurate representation of the differences due to the skewed data affecting the mean.

For the most part, there are not "statistically significant" differences between the compared groups, but there are clear patterns for many of the differences. The lack of significance is likely due to confounding variables such as large differences in budget sizes. This is called statistical error. As we remove some of these confounds by filtering our groups (e.g., by budget or tax status) the sample size will be smaller, thus increasing error, and still leaving us with few statistically significant differences. Nevertheless, we have highlighted significant differences (at the 90% confidence level) in red font.

The Difference column should be read as a relative difference between the values of the compared groups. For example, the first difference value in the first table below is -7%. This value indicates that the Net Total Revenue in 2012 was 7% less for those using AMCs than for those not using AMCs. Since these are financial measures, we would recommend that any difference greater than 5% is meaningful and worth noting, even if the p-value is not significant. We used a standard formula for calculating the relative differences as the difference divided by the average:

$(\text{UseAMC} - \text{NotUseAMC}) / ((\text{UseAMC} + \text{NotUseAMC}) / 2)$.

In the interpretation column we have included a general interpretation of "more" or "less" from the perspective of the associations using AMCs. For measures that included three separate years, these interpretations are based on the average of the differences for all three years. If the average was negative, the interpretation is "less". If the average was positive, the interpretation was "more".

4.1 IN GENERAL: USE AMC VS. NOT USE AMC (USE=81, NOT USE=86)

Measure	Uses AMC	Mean	Difference	pval	Interpretation
<i>NetTotalRev12</i>	No	\$ 2,507,767.26			Associations using AMCs averaged less Net Total Rev from 2010-2012
	Yes	\$ 2,342,784.04	-7%	0.586	
<i>NetTotalRev11</i>	No	\$ 2,413,944.01			
	Yes	\$ 2,187,301.19	-10%	0.440	
<i>NetTotalRev10</i>	No	\$ 2,317,972.93			
	Yes	\$ 2,088,315.74	-10%	0.422	
<i>NetTotalRevGrowth10_12</i>	No	14.52%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Total Rev Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	19.89%	31%	0.448	
<i>NetIncomeGrowth10_12</i>	No	14.69%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Income Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	19.89%	30%	0.466	
<i>PercentSurplus12</i>	No	2.26%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Percent Surplus from 2010-2012
	Yes	6.04%	91%	0.146	
<i>PercentSurplus11</i>	No	2.22%			
	Yes	4.36%	65%	0.338	
<i>PercentSurplus10</i>	No	5.00%			
	Yes	3.11%	-46%	0.641	
<i>AvgPercentSurplus</i>	No	3.15%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Average percent Surplus from 2010-2012
	Yes	4.50%	35%	0.509	
<i>NetAssetGrowth</i>	No	-273.38%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Asset Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	61.95%	317%	0.244	
<i>NetAssetsRev12</i>	No	133.09%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Net Assets as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012
	Yes	87.19%	-42%	0.064	
<i>NetAssetsRev11</i>	No	151.49%			
	Yes	83.14%	-58%	0.107	
<i>NetAssetsRev10</i>	No	174.58%			
	Yes	82.95%	-71%	0.144	
<i>AssetsRev12</i>	No	159.79%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Assets as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012
	Yes	112.56%	-35%	0.070	
<i>AssetsRev11</i>	No	178.58%			
	Yes	111.15%	-47%	0.115	
<i>AssetsRev10</i>	No	202.48%			
	Yes	108.76%	-60%	0.142	
<i>LiabRev12</i>	No	26.70%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Liabilities from 2010-2012
	Yes	25.37%	-5%	0.745	
<i>LiabRev11</i>	No	27.08%			
	Yes	28.01%	3%	0.828	
<i>LiabRev10</i>	No	27.90%			
	Yes	25.81%	-8%	0.659	
<i>ExpRev12</i>	No	100.30%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Expenses as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012
	Yes	95.86%	-5%	0.091	
<i>ExpRev11</i>	No	101.68%			
	Yes	97.15%	-5%	0.110	

<i>ExpRev10</i>	No	104.86%			
	Yes	98.85%	-6%	0.205	
<i>ProSerRev12</i>	No	72.28%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Products and Services from 2010-2012
	Yes	76.66%	6%	0.317	
<i>ProSerRev11</i>	No	72.84%			
	Yes	77.47%	6%	0.285	
<i>ProSerRev10</i>	No	72.97%			
	Yes	77.50%	6%	0.293	
<i>InvRev12</i>	No	2.55%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Investment Income from 2010-2012
	Yes	1.89%	-30%	0.358	
<i>InvRev11</i>	No	3.90%			
	Yes	1.51%	-88%	0.118	
<i>InvRev10</i>	No	9.86%			
	Yes	1.96%	-134%	0.270	

4.2 CONSIDERING ONLY TAX C3 (Uses AMC=27, Doesn't Use AMC=37)

Measure	Uses AMC	Mean	Difference	pval	Interpretation
<i>NetTotalRev12</i>	No	\$ 1,956,591.57			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Total Rev from 2010-2012
	Yes	\$ 2,291,978.93	16%	0.470	
<i>NetTotalRev11</i>	No	\$ 1,924,282.97			
	Yes	\$ 2,134,297.22	10%	0.609	
<i>NetTotalRev10</i>	No	\$ 1,855,057.41			
	Yes	\$ 1,964,600.81	6%	0.780	
<i>NetTotalRevGrowth10_12</i>	No	11.01%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Total Rev Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	18.96%	53%	0.294	
<i>NetIncomeGrowth10_12</i>	No	11.01%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Income Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	18.96%	53%	0.294	
<i>PercentSurplus12</i>	No	0.75%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Percent Surplus from 2010-2012
	Yes	7.20%	162%	0.181	
<i>PercentSurplus11</i>	No	4.48%			
	Yes	10.43%	80%	0.084	
<i>PercentSurplus10</i>	No	1.67%			
	Yes	7.68%	129%	0.163	
<i>AvgPercentSurplus</i>	No	2.30%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Average percent Surplus from 2010-2012
	Yes	8.44%	114%	0.019	
<i>NetAssetGrowth</i>	No	-628.50%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Asset Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	22.30%	215%	0.317	
<i>NetAssetsRev12</i>	No	157.71%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Net Assets as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012
	Yes	120.29%	-27%	0.388	
<i>NetAssetsRev11</i>	No	141.58%			
	Yes	106.72%	-28%	0.289	
<i>NetAssetsRev10</i>	No	158.12%			
	Yes	110.17%	-36%	0.315	
<i>AssetsRev12</i>	No	182.60%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Assets as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012
	Yes	144.61%	-23%	0.417	
<i>AssetsRev11</i>	No	166.29%			
	Yes	129.61%	-25%	0.353	
<i>AssetsRev10</i>	No	185.93%			
	Yes	132.76%	-33%	0.320	
<i>LiabRev12</i>	No	24.89%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Liabilities from 2010-2012
	Yes	24.32%	-2%	0.939	
<i>LiabRev11</i>	No	24.71%			
	Yes	22.90%	-8%	0.777	
<i>LiabRev10</i>	No	27.81%			
	Yes	22.59%	-21%	0.564	
<i>ExpRev12</i>	No	102.22%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Expenses as a percent of Revenue
	Yes	95.30%	-7%	0.152	
<i>ExpRev11</i>	No	99.20%			

<i>ExpRev10</i>	Yes	91.73%	-8%	0.031	from 2010-2012
	No	102.39%			
	Yes	95.37%	-7%	0.143	
<i>ProSerRev12</i>	No	69.55%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Products and Services from 2010-2012
	Yes	69.37%	0%	0.980	
<i>ProSerRev11</i>	No	71.55%			
	Yes	75.21%	5%	0.586	
<i>ProSerRev10</i>	No	72.15%			
	Yes	72.64%	1%	0.940	
<i>InvRev12</i>	No	2.97%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Investment Income from 2010-2012
	Yes	2.50%	-17%	0.694	
<i>InvRev11</i>	No	3.68%			
	Yes	2.16%	-52%	0.234	
<i>InvRev10</i>	No	4.06%			
	Yes	3.05%	-28%	0.503	

4.3 CONSIDERING ONLY TAX C6 (Uses AMC=54, Doesn't Use AMC=49)

<i>Measure</i>	<i>Uses AMC</i>	<i>Mean</i>	<i>Difference</i>	<i>pval</i>	<i>Interpretation</i>	
<i>NetTotalRev12</i>	No	\$ 2,923,961.14			Associations using AMCs averaged less Net Total Rev from 2010-2012	
	Yes	\$ 2,368,186.59	-21%	0.165		
<i>NetTotalRev11</i>	No	\$ 2,783,688.06				
	Yes	\$ 2,213,803.17	-23%	0.153		
<i>NetTotalRev10</i>	No	\$ 2,674,803.65				
	Yes	\$ 2,150,173.20	-22%	0.180		
<i>NetTotalRevGrowth10_12</i>	No	17.17%				Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Total Rev Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	20.36%	17%	0.772		
<i>NetIncomeGrowth10_12</i>	No	17.53%				Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Income Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	20.36%	15%	0.800		
<i>PercentSurplus12</i>	No	3.39%				Associations using AMCs averaged less Percent Surplus from 2010-2012
	Yes	5.46%	47%	0.467		
<i>PercentSurplus11</i>	No	0.51%				
	Yes	1.33%	89%	0.781		
<i>PercentSurplus10</i>	No	7.56%				
	Yes	0.83%	-160%	0.301		
<i>AvgPercentSurplus</i>	No	3.81%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Average percent Surplus from 2010-2012	
	Yes	2.54%	-40%	0.677		
<i>NetAssetGrowth</i>	No	0.37%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Asset Growth from 2010-2012	
	Yes	81.78%	198%	0.019		
<i>NetAssetsRev12</i>	No	114.50%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Net Assets as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012	
	Yes	70.64%	-47%	0.103		
<i>NetAssetsRev11</i>	No	158.98%				
	Yes	71.35%	-76%	0.180		
<i>NetAssetsRev10</i>	No	187.26%				
	Yes	69.34%	-92%	0.255		
<i>AssetsRev12</i>	No	142.57%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Assets as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012	
	Yes	96.53%	-39%	0.090		
<i>AssetsRev11</i>	No	187.86%				
	Yes	101.92%	-59%	0.189		
<i>AssetsRev10</i>	No	215.24%				
	Yes	96.76%	-76%	0.254		
<i>LiabRev12</i>	No	28.07%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Liabilities from 2010-2012	
	Yes	25.89%	-8%	0.639		
<i>LiabRev11</i>	No	28.88%				
	Yes	30.57%	6%	0.757		
<i>LiabRev10</i>	No	27.98%				
	Yes	27.42%	-2%	0.908		
<i>ExpRev12</i>	No	98.84%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Expenses as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012	
	Yes	96.14%	-3%	0.353		
<i>ExpRev11</i>	No	103.55%				
	Yes	99.86%	-4%	0.383		

<i>ExpRev10</i>	No	106.77%			
	Yes	100.59%	-6%	0.423	
<i>ProSerRev12</i>	No	74.33%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Products and Services from 2010-2012
	Yes	80.30%	8%	0.294	
<i>ProSerRev11</i>	No	73.82%			
	Yes	78.61%	6%	0.404	
<i>ProSerRev10</i>	No	73.60%			
	Yes	79.97%	8%	0.274	
<i>InvRev12</i>	No	2.24%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Investment Income from 2010-2012
	Yes	1.59%	-34%	0.471	
<i>InvRev11</i>	No	4.06%			
	Yes	1.19%	-109%	0.249	
<i>InvRev10</i>	No	14.33%			
	Yes	1.42%	-164%	0.278	

4.4 CONSIDERING ONLY BUDGETS LESS THAN \$2M (Uses AMC=47, Doesn't Use AMC=46)

<i>Measure</i>	<i>Uses AMC</i>	<i>Mean</i>	<i>Difference</i>	<i>pval</i>	<i>Interpretation</i>
<i>NetTotalRev12</i>	No	\$ 993,767.39			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Total Rev from 2010-2012
	Yes	\$ 1,140,485.02	14%	0.137	
<i>NetTotalRev11</i>	No	\$ 941,091.02			
	Yes	\$ 1,140,289.32	19%	0.086	
<i>NetTotalRev10</i>	No	\$ 912,884.30			
	Yes	\$ 1,030,783.21	12%	0.238	
<i>NetTotalRevGrowth10_12</i>	No	10.46%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Total Rev Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	22.23%	72%	0.142	
<i>NetIncomeGrowth10_12</i>	No	10.46%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Income Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	22.23%	72%	0.142	
<i>PercentSurplus12</i>	No	2.07%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Percent Surplus from 2010-2012
	Yes	5.79%	95%	0.364	
<i>PercentSurplus11</i>	No	4.11%			
	Yes	4.09%	-1%	0.994	
<i>PercentSurplus10</i>	No	4.09%			
	Yes	2.09%	-65%	0.524	
<i>AvgPercentSurplus</i>	No	3.42%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Average percent Surplus from 2010-2012
	Yes	3.99%	15%	0.786	
<i>NetAssetGrowth</i>	No	-507.99%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Asset Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	92.94%	290%	0.251	
<i>NetAssetsRev12</i>	No	151.36%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Net Assets as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012
	Yes	78.33%	-64%	0.054	
<i>NetAssetsRev11</i>	No	136.12%			
	Yes	73.11%	-60%	0.042	
<i>NetAssetsRev10</i>	No	136.16%			
	Yes	73.91%	-59%	0.095	
<i>AssetsRev12</i>	No	173.21%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Assets as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012
	Yes	99.51%	-54%	0.068	
<i>AssetsRev11</i>	No	157.95%			
	Yes	95.06%	-50%	0.053	
<i>AssetsRev10</i>	No	159.59%			
	Yes	94.89%	-51%	0.125	
<i>LiabRev12</i>	No	21.84%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Liabilities from 2010-2012
	Yes	21.18%	-3%	0.911	
<i>LiabRev11</i>	No	21.83%			
	Yes	21.95%	1%	0.982	
<i>LiabRev10</i>	No	23.44%			
	Yes	20.98%	-11%	0.736	
<i>ExpRev12</i>	No	100.46%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Expenses as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012
	Yes	95.35%	-5%	0.234	
<i>ExpRev11</i>	No	99.04%			
	Yes	96.94%	-2%	0.527	

<i>ExpRev10</i>	No	99.14%			
	Yes	98.96%	0%	0.960	
<i>ProSerRev12</i>	No	72.08%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Products and Services from 2010-2012
	Yes	74.05%	3%	0.752	
<i>ProSerRev11</i>	No	73.03%			
	Yes	74.02%	1%	0.875	
<i>ProSerRev10</i>	No	74.28%			
	Yes	73.23%	-1%	0.859	
<i>InvRev12</i>	No	2.53%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Investment Income from 2010-2012
	Yes	1.14%	-76%	0.172	
<i>InvRev11</i>	No	3.15%			
	Yes	1.03%	-102%	0.029	
<i>InvRev10</i>	No	3.23%			
	Yes	1.05%	-102%	0.055	

4.5 CONSIDERING ONLY BUDGETS MORE THAN \$2M (USES AMC=34, DOESN'T USE AMC=40)

<i>Measure</i>	<i>Uses AMC</i>	<i>Mean</i>	<i>Difference</i>	<i>pval</i>	<i>Interpretation</i>	
<i>NetTotalRev12</i>	No	\$ 4,248,867.10			Associations using AMCs averaged less Net Total Rev from 2010-2012	
	Yes	\$ 4,004,785.62	-6%	0.553		
<i>NetTotalRev11</i>	No	\$ 4,107,724.95				
	Yes	\$ 3,634,641.12	-12%	0.250		
<i>NetTotalRev10</i>	No	\$ 3,975,256.95				
	Yes	\$ 3,550,198.94	-11%	0.294		
<i>NetTotalRevGrowth10_12</i>	No	19.20%				Associations using AMCs averaged less Net Total Rev Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	16.66%	-14%	0.831		
<i>NetIncomeGrowth10_12</i>	No	19.69%				Associations using AMCs averaged less Net Income Growth from 2010-2012
	Yes	16.66%	-17%	0.803		
<i>PercentSurplus12</i>	No	2.47%				Associations using AMCs averaged more Percent Surplus from 2010-2012
	Yes	6.38%	88%	0.211		
<i>PercentSurplus11</i>	No	0.05%				
	Yes	4.74%	196%	0.136		
<i>PercentSurplus10</i>	No	6.06%				
	Yes	4.52%	-29%	0.849		
<i>AvgPercentSurplus</i>	No	2.83%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Average percent Surplus from 2010-2012	
	Yes	5.22%	59%	0.529		
<i>NetAssetGrowth</i>	No	3.35%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Net Asset Growth from 2010-2012	
	Yes	19.11%	140%	0.312		
<i>NetAssetsRev12</i>	No	112.07%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Net Assets as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012	
	Yes	99.43%	-12%	0.659		
<i>NetAssetsRev11</i>	No	169.18%				
	Yes	97.01%	-54%	0.380		
<i>NetAssetsRev10</i>	No	219.89%				
	Yes	95.45%	-79%	0.329		
<i>AssetsRev12</i>	No	144.37%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Assets as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012	
	Yes	130.59%	-10%	0.634		
<i>AssetsRev11</i>	No	202.30%				
	Yes	133.40%	-41%	0.401		
<i>AssetsRev10</i>	No	253.06%				
	Yes	127.94%	-66%	0.327		
<i>LiabRev12</i>	No	32.30%			Associations using AMCs averaged more Liabilities from 2010-2012	
	Yes	31.16%	-4%	0.836		
<i>LiabRev11</i>	No	33.12%				
	Yes	36.39%	9%	0.635		
<i>LiabRev10</i>	No	33.17%				
	Yes	32.49%	-2%	0.905		
<i>ExpRev12</i>	No	100.11%			Associations using AMCs averaged less Expenses as a percent of Revenue from 2010-2012	
	Yes	96.56%	-4%	0.213		
<i>ExpRev11</i>	No	104.71%				
	Yes	97.44%	-7%	0.124		
<i>ExpRev10</i>	No	111.62%				

	Yes	98.70%	-12%	0.174	
<i>ProSerRev12</i>	No	72.50%			
	Yes	80.25%	10%	0.205	Associations using AMCs averaged more Products and Services from 2010-2012
<i>ProSerRev11</i>	No	72.63%			
	Yes	82.25%	12%	0.099	
<i>ProSerRev10</i>	No	71.43%			
	Yes	83.58%	16%	0.053	
<i>InvRev12</i>	No	2.57%			
	Yes	2.94%	13%	0.713	
<i>InvRev11</i>	No	4.76%			
	Yes	2.18%	-74%	0.395	
<i>InvRev10</i>	No	17.68%			
	Yes	3.22%	-138%	0.356	

5 KEY FINDINGS

Table 4.1 shows a summary of all the tables in the Analysis section. An interpretation of each row is provided in the Comments column. The subsequent graphs examine the **median**, rather than the mean. Due to the skewed financial data, the graphs will show a more accurate representation of the differences than the tables in the Analysis section. Table 4.2 summarizes the findings on each of the four key financial measures visualized in the graphs.

5.1 SUMMARY FINDINGS COMPARING USE OF AMC TO NOT USING AMC (MEAN)

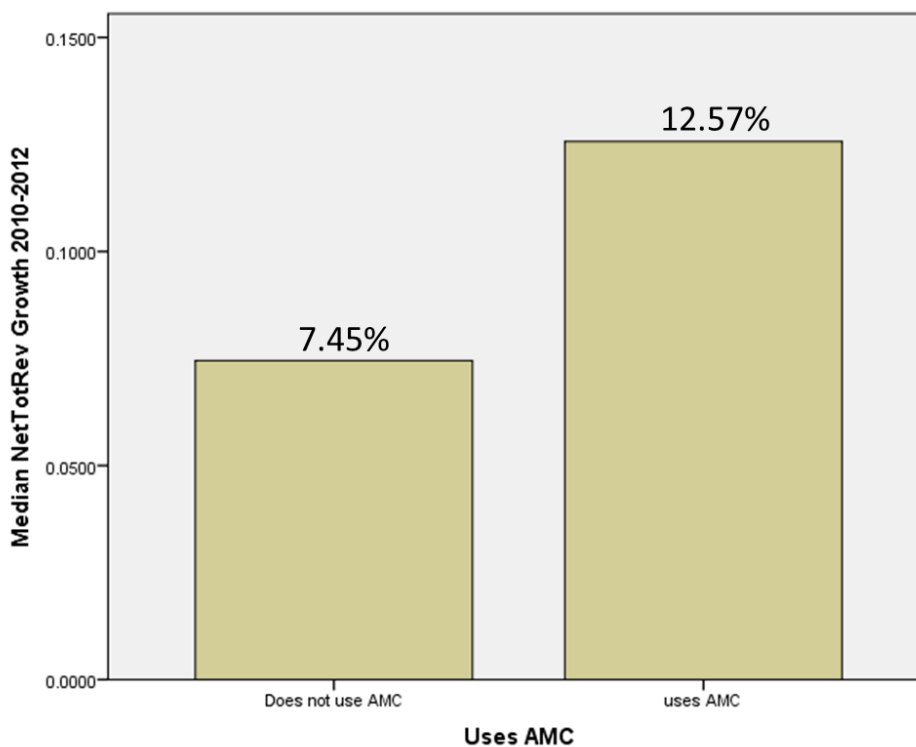
Measure	General	c3	c6	Low\$	High\$	Comments
Net Total Rev	Less	More	Less	More	Less	Net Total Revenue is greater when the association is a c3 and/or has a smaller budget.
Net Total Rev Growth	More	More	More	More	Less	Net Total Revenue Growth is stronger in all cases for those using AMCs except the associations with larger budgets.
Net Income Growth	More	More	More	More	Less	Net Income Growth is stronger in all cases for those using AMCs except the associations with larger budgets.
Percent Surplus	More	More	Less	More	More	Percent Surplus is better in all cases for those using AMCs except the associations filing as c6.
Avg Percent Surplus	More	More	Less	More	More	Average Percent Surplus is better in all cases for those using AMCs except the associations filing as c6.
Net Asset Growth	More	More	More	More	More	Growth in Net Asset as a percent of Revenue is better in all cases for those using AMCs.
Net Assets Rev	Less	Less	Less	Less	Less	Net Assets as a percent of Revenue is consistently lower for associations using AMCS.
Assets Rev	Less	Less	Less	Less	Less	Assets as a percent of Revenue is consistently lower for associations using AMCS.
Liab Rev	Less	Less	Less	Less	More	Liabilities as a percent of Revenue is consistently lower for associations using AMCS, except for those with higher budgets.
Exp Rev	Less	Less	Less	Less	Less	Expenses as a percent of Revenue is consistently lower for associations using AMCS.
Pro Ser Rev	More	More	More	More	More	Income from Products and Services as a percent of Revenue is consistently higher for associations using AMCS.
Inv Rev	Less	Less	Less	Less	Less	Investments Income as a percent of Revenue is consistently lower for associations using AMCS.

5.2 SUMMARY FINDINGS COMPARING USE OF AMC TO NOT USING AMC (MEDIAN)

The t-tests conducted for the tables above only allow comparisons between means (rather than median). Median comparison tests (such as the Mann-Whitney Test) were not an option due to differently shaped distributions across groups. Additionally, despite efforts to remove outliers, the data is still somewhat skewed, and therefore the mean is potentially misleading in a few cases. To mitigate this issue, in the table below and in the subsequent graphs we use the median, rather than the mean, to visually represent many of these analyses. These will therefore show a more accurate representation of the differences in financial measures because the median is not affected by skewed data or outliers, whereas the mean is.

Measure	ALL	c3	c6	Low\$	High\$
Net Total Rev Growth	More	More	More	More	More
Net Income Growth	More	More	More	More	More
Avg Percent Surplus	More	More	Less	More	More
Net Asset Growth	More	More	More	More	More

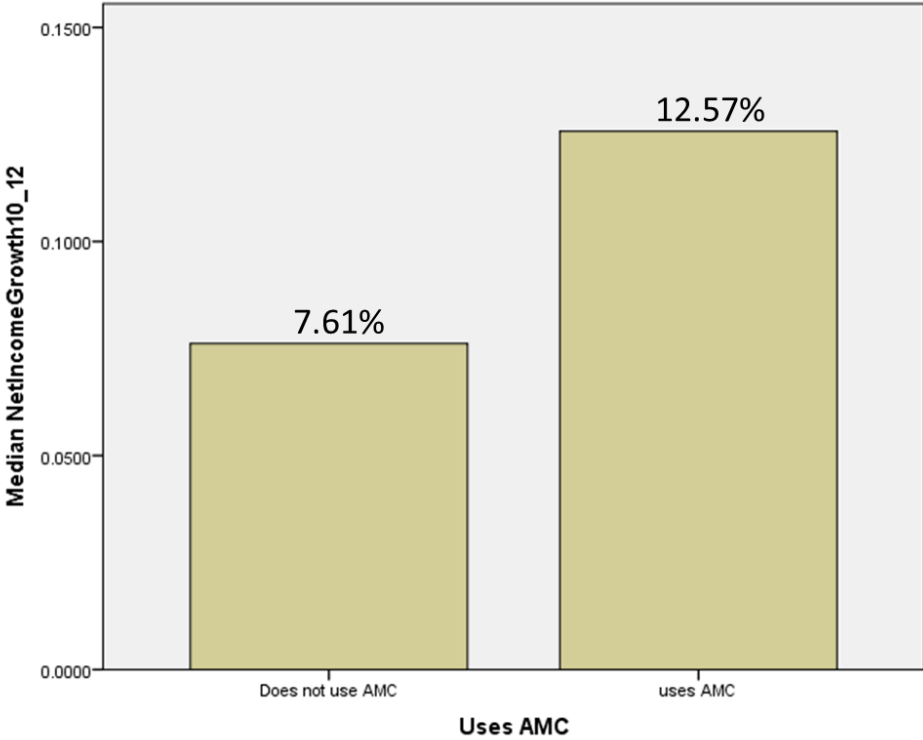
5.3 MEDIAN NET TOTAL REVENUE GROWTH (ALL DATA)



INTERPRETATION:

- In general, associations using AMCs have stronger net total revenue growth than associations not using AMCs.

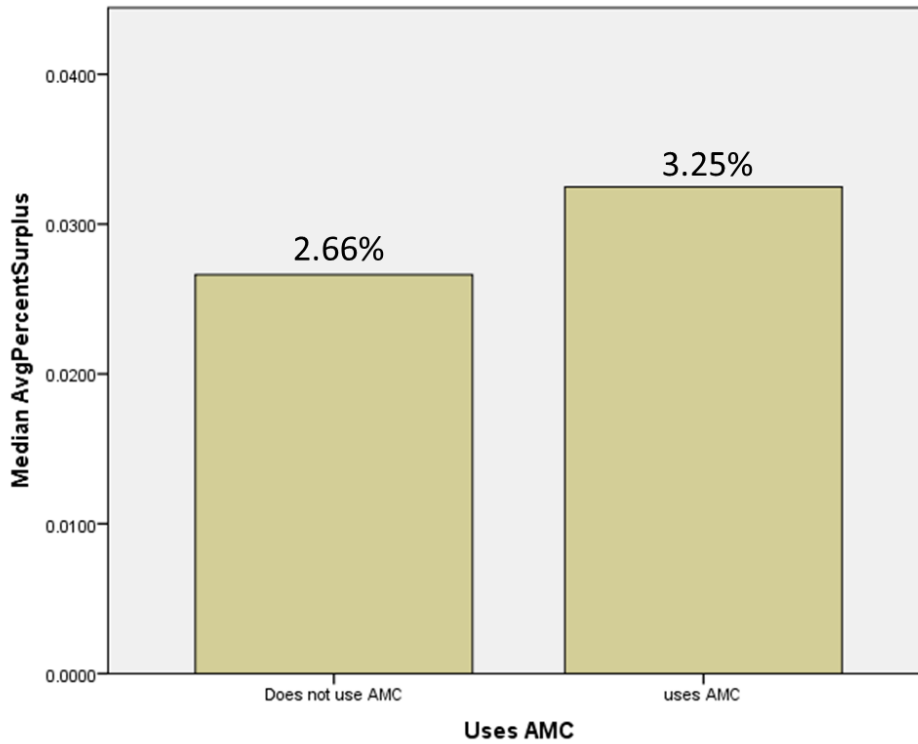
5.4 MEDIAN NET TOTAL INCOME GROWTH (ALL DATA)



INTERPRETATION:

- In general, associations using AMCs have stronger net total income growth than associations not using AMCs.

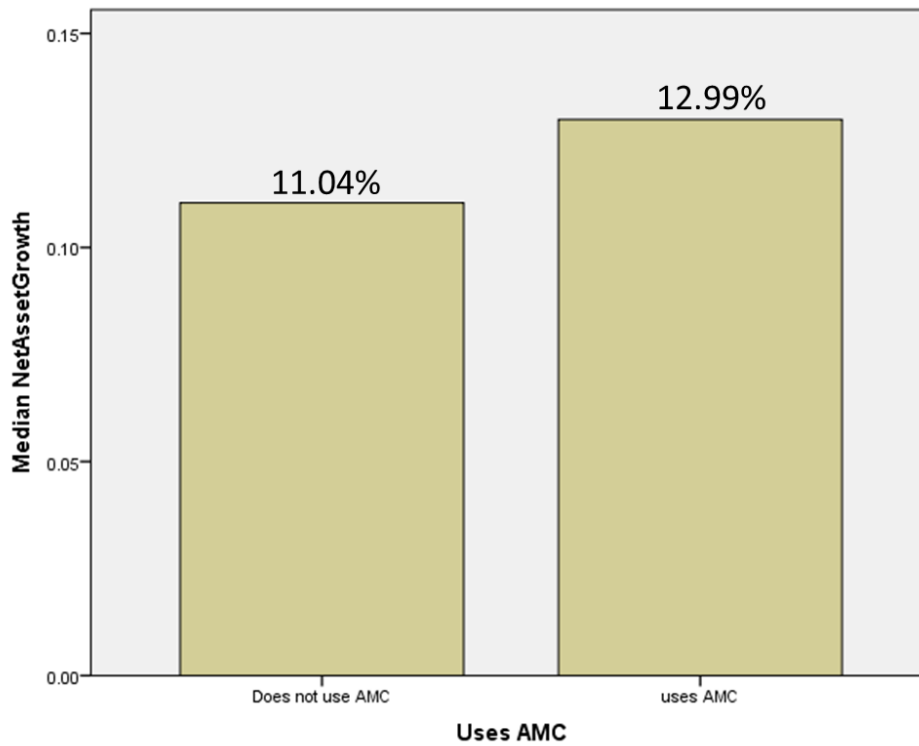
5.5 MEDIAN AVERAGE PERCENT SURPLUS (ALL DATA)



INTERPRETATION:

- In general, associations using AMCs have stronger average percent surplus than associations not using AMCs.

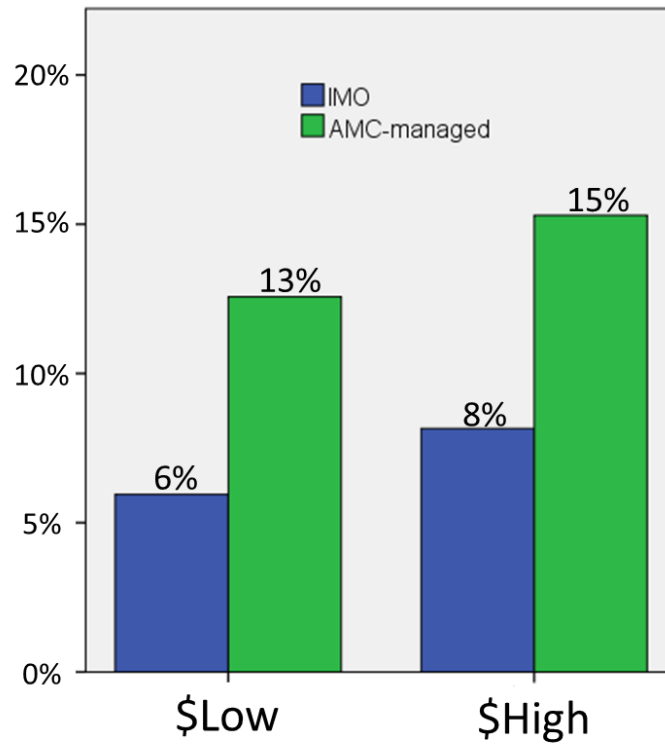
5.6 MEDIAN GROWTH IN NET ASSETS (ALL DATA)



INTERPRETATION:

- In general, associations using AMCs have stronger growth in net assets as a percent of revenue than associations not using AMCs.

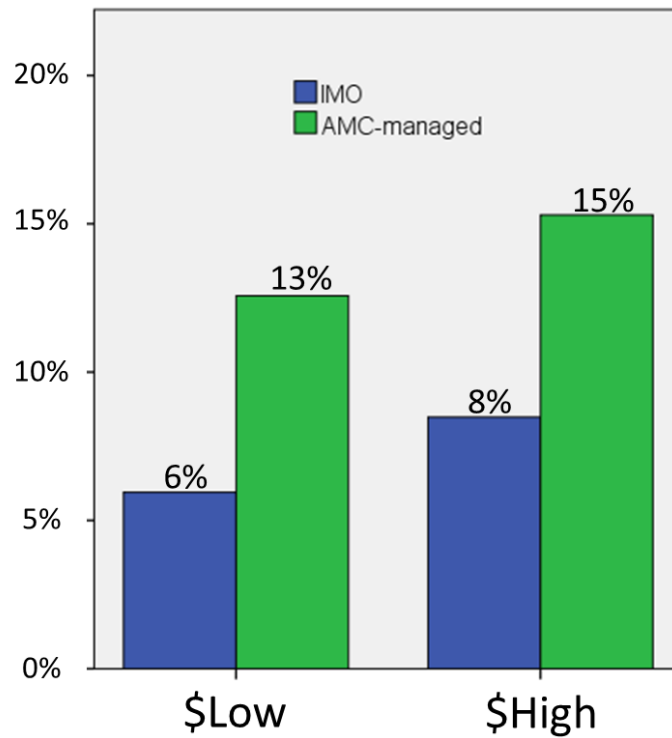
5.7 MEDIAN NET TOTAL REVENUE GROWTH FOR LOW AND HIGH BUDGET



INTERPRETATION:

- Associations using AMCs have stronger net total revenue growth in both the small and large budget groups.
- Small budget associations using AMCs have even stronger net total revenue growth (13%) than large budget associations not using AMCs (8%).

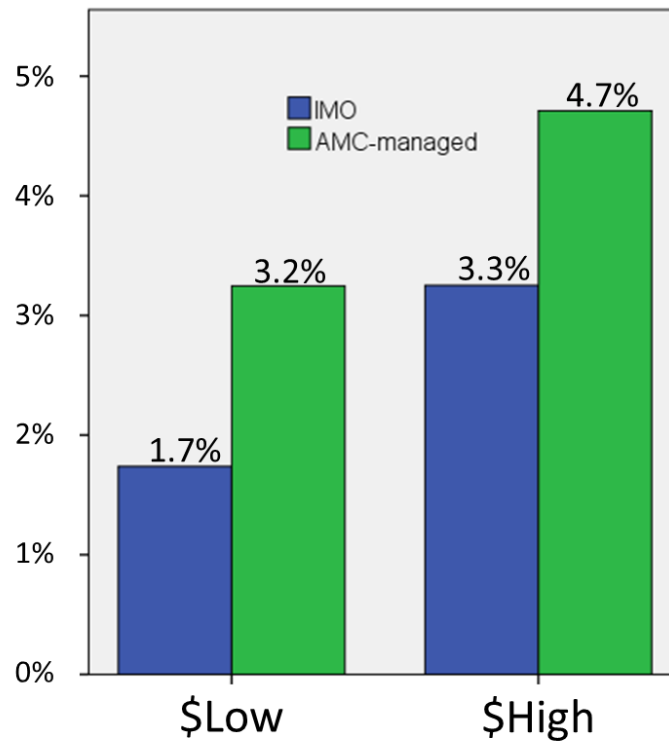
5.8 MEDIAN NET INCOME GROWTH FOR LOW AND HIGH BUDGET



INTERPRETATION:

- Associations using AMCs have stronger net income growth in both the small and large budget groups.
- Small budget associations using AMCs have even stronger net income growth (13%) than large budget associations not using AMCs (8%).

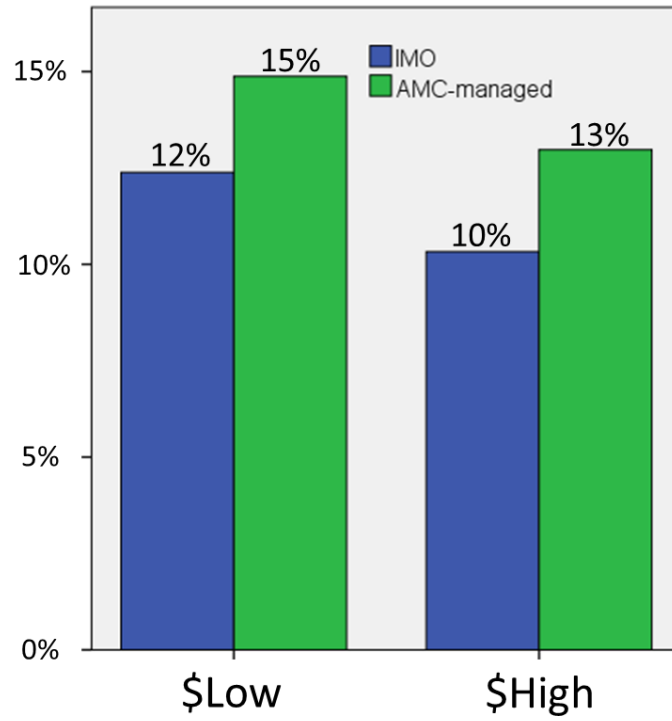
5.9 MEDIAN AVERAGE PERCENT SURPLUS FOR LOW AND HIGH BUDGET



INTERPRETATION:

- Associations using AMCs have stronger percent surplus in both the small and large budget groups.
- Large budget associations have stronger percent surplus than small budget associations.

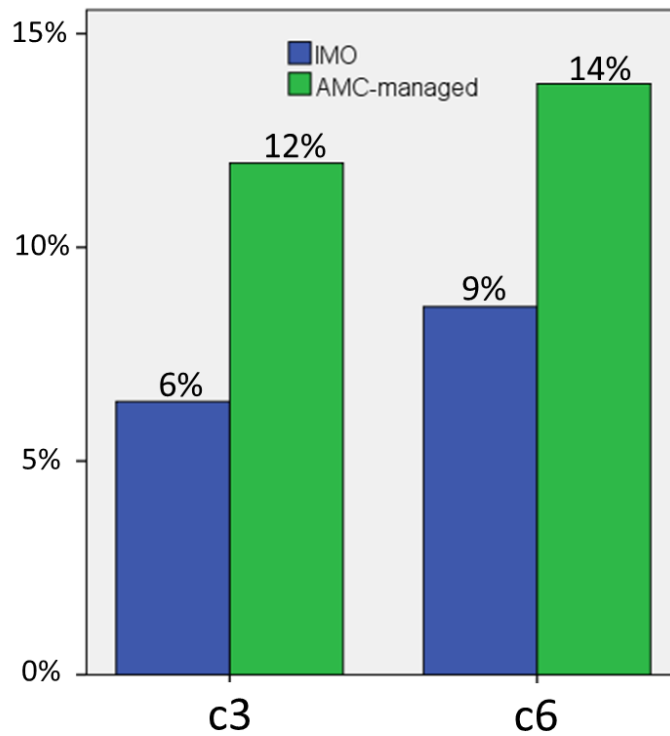
5.10 MEDIAN GROWTH IN NET ASSETS FOR LOW AND HIGH BUDGET



INTERPRETATION:

- Regardless of budget size, growth in net assets is stronger for those using AMCs.

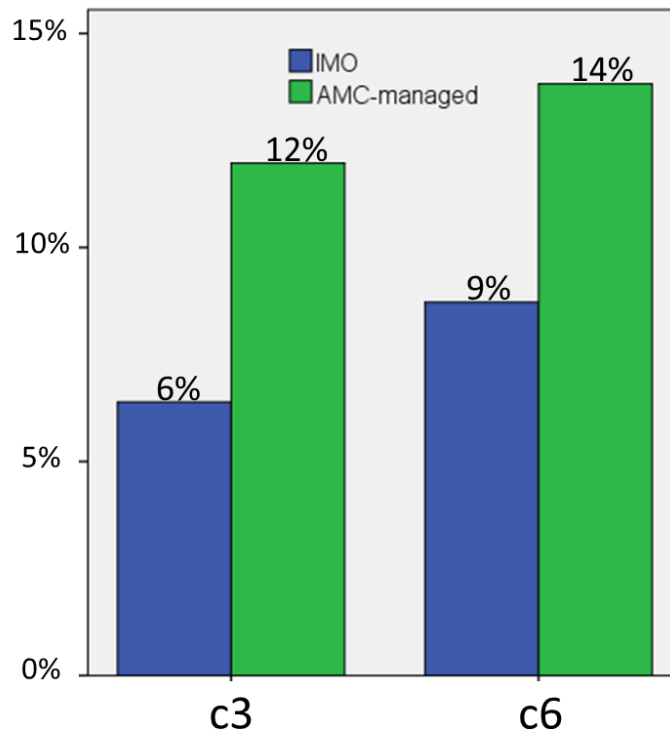
5.11 MEDIAN NET TOTAL REVENUE GROWTH FOR TAX C3 AND C6



INTERPRETATION:

- Associations using AMCs have stronger net total revenue growth in both tax c3 and c6 categories.
- Associations in the c3 tax category using AMCs have even stronger net total revenue growth (12%) than associations in the c6 tax category not using AMCs (8.7%).

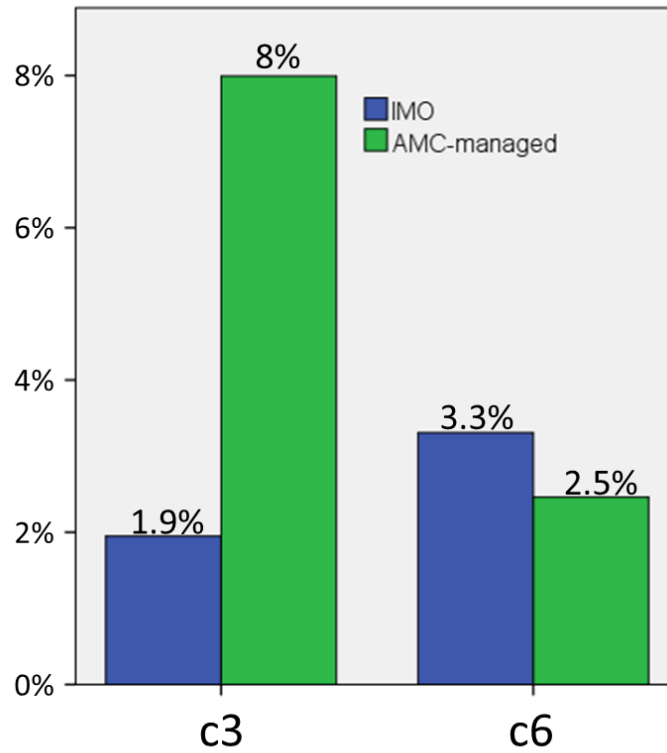
5.12 MEDIAN NET INCOME GROWTH FOR TAX C3 AND C6



INTERPRETATION:

- Associations using AMCs have stronger net total revenue growth in both tax c3 and c6 categories.
- Associations in the c3 tax category using AMCs have even stronger net total revenue growth (12%) than associations in the c6 tax category not using AMCs (8.7%).

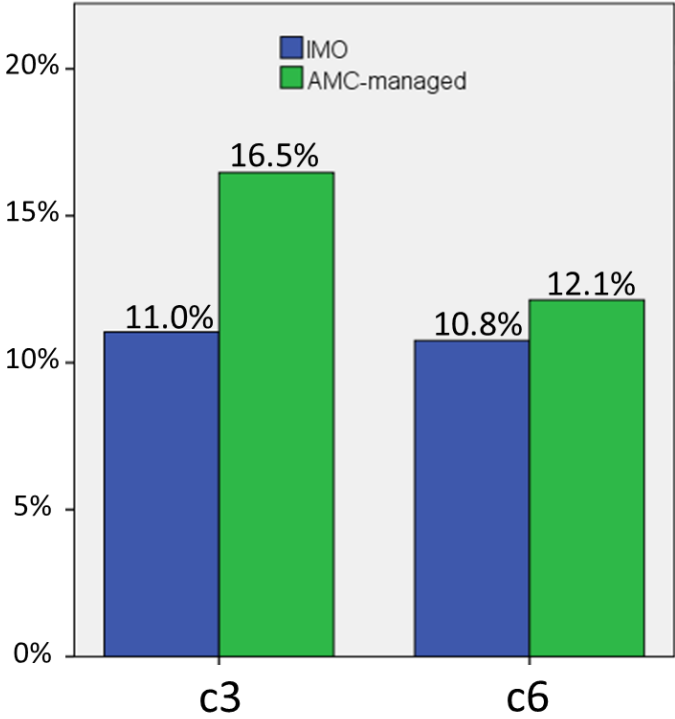
5.13 MEDIAN AVERAGE PERCENT SURPLUS FOR TAX C3 AND C6



INTERPRETATION:

- In the c3 tax category, associations using AMCs have much stronger average percent surplus (8%), than those not using AMCs (1.9%).
- In the c6 tax category, associations using AMCs have slightly weaker average percent surplus (2.5%), than those not using AMCs (3.3%).

5.14 MEDIAN GROWTH IN NET ASSETS FOR TAX c3 AND c6



INTERPRETATION:

- Regardless of tax status, associations using AMCs observe greater growth in net assets.

6 APPENDIX

6.1 FORMULAS

<i>Measure</i>	<i>Calculation</i>
<i>NetTotalRev</i>	Total revenue minus investment income
<i>NetTotalRevGrowth</i>	$(\text{NetTotalRev}_{12} - \text{NetTotalRev}_{10}) / \text{NetTotalRev}_{10}$
<i>NetIncomeGrowth</i>	$(\text{NetInc}_{12} - \text{NetInc}_{10}) / \text{NetInc}_{10}$
<i>PercentSurplus</i>	$\text{NetIncome} / \text{NetTotalRev}$
<i>AvgPercentSurplus</i>	$(\text{PercentSurplus}_{12} + \text{PercentSurplus}_{11} + \text{PercentSurplus}_{10}) / 3$
<i>NetAssetGrowth</i>	$(\text{NetAssets}_{12} - \text{NetAssets}_{10}) / \text{NetAssets}_{10}$
<i>NetAssetsRev</i>	$\text{NetAssets} / \text{NetTotalRev}$
<i>AssetsRev</i>	$\text{Assets} / \text{NetTotalRev}$
<i>LiabRev</i>	$\text{Liabilities} / \text{NetTotalRev}$
<i>ExpRev</i>	$\text{Expenses} / \text{NetTotalRev}$
<i>ProSerRev</i>	$\text{Programs and Services} / \text{NetTotalRev}$
<i>InvRev</i>	$\text{InvestmentIncome} / \text{NetTotalRev}$